

# 돼지 관상동맥 스텐트 재협착 모형에서 MAC (脈 : Maximum Arterial Re-Creation) Stent와 Palmaz-Schatz Stent의 비교

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= Abstract =

## Comparison of Porcine Coronary Stent Restenosis between MAC (Maximum Arterial Re-Creation) and Palmaz-Schatz Stent

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**Background** : Coronary stents are effective in the treatment of acute complications after angioplasty and the prevention of restenosis. However, complications may arise posttreatment, the major clinical problems are stent thrombosis and restenosis. All coronary stents are imported from western countries and are not covered by medical insurance in Korea. Korean stents should be developed to reduce patient's economic burden.

**Methods** : We placed five Maximum Arterial Re-Creation(MAC) and five Palmaz-Schatz(PS) stents in ten porcine coronary arteries. Stent and artery diameter ratio was 1.3 : 1.0. Follow-up coronary angiogram and histopathologic examinations were performed four weeks after stent overdilation injury.

**Results** : All of the stented arteries were patent on follow-up coronary angiograms. Angiographic diameter stenosis was  $23.1 \pm 9.2\%$  in MAC stents and  $18.5 \pm 12.3\%$  in PS stents and pathologic area stenosis  $35.6 \pm 11.4\%$  in MAC stent and  $39.8 \pm 9.9\%$  in PS stent at 4 weeks after stenting, which were not different between two stents. Maximal intimal thickness( $0.28 \pm 0.12$  vs.  $0.36 \pm 0.17$ mm) and neointimal area( $1.83 \pm 1.01$ mm<sup>2</sup> vs.  $1.50 \pm 0.65$ mm<sup>2</sup>) were not different between MAC and PS stent.

**Conclusion** : MAC stents are as effective as PS stents in the prevention of stent restenosis in a porcine stent restenosis model.

**KEY WORDS** : Stent · Restenosis · MAC(Maximum Arterial Re-Creation) Stent.

## 서 론

Coronary stent  
가 가  
STRESS BENESTENT<sup>1,2)</sup>  
.  
stent 가  
3,4),  
stent  
5), stent  
Korea Medical  
AMG(Applied Medical and Health  
TechnoloGie) MAC(脈 :  
Maximum Arterial Re-Creation) stent  
slotted tube stainless stent (Fig. 1), MAC  
stent  
Palmaz -  
Schatz stent(Johnson & Johnson )

## 연구 방법

### 1. 실험동물

30 35kg

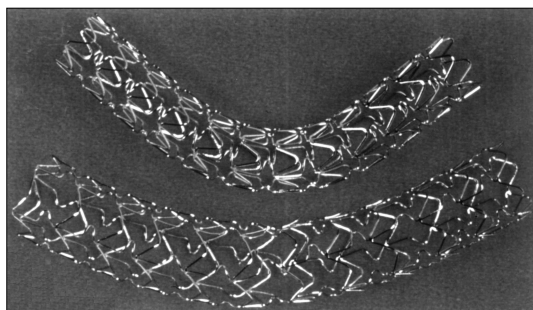


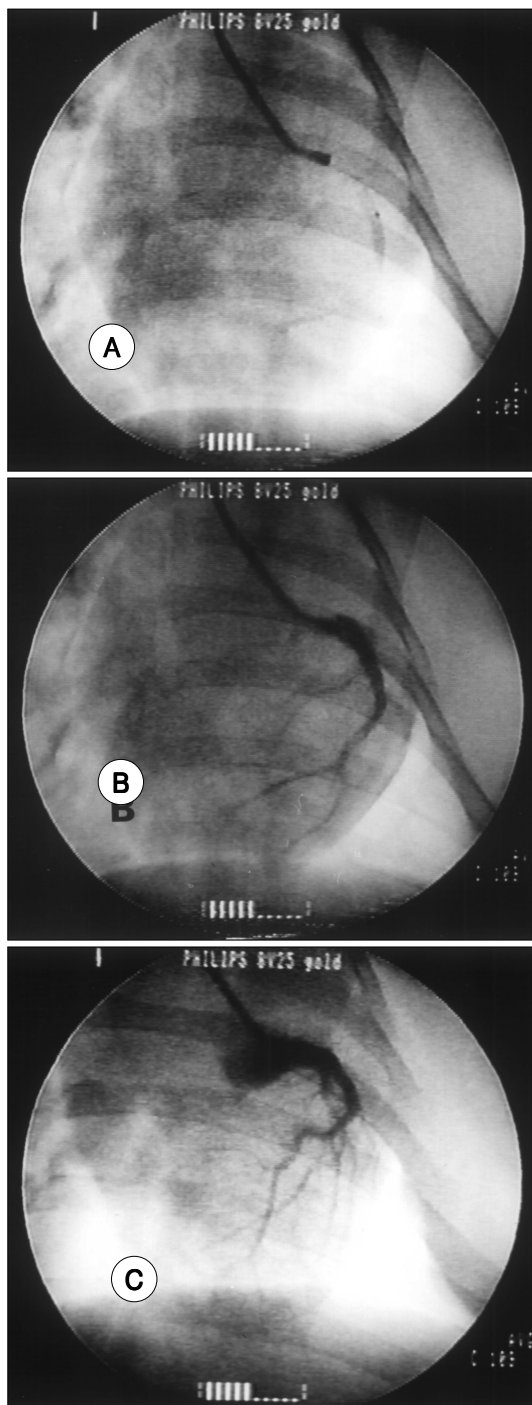
Fig. 1. MAC(Maximum Arterial Re-Creation) stent.

### 2. 실험 방법

asprin 300mg, diltiazem  
180 mg, ticlopidine 500mg  
Ketamine(12mg/kg) Xylazine(8mg/kg)  
, 2% Lidocaine  
7 8 Fr. sheath  
C - arm(Phillips BV - 25  
Gold)  
10,000 Unit  
mask  
saline

stent stent to  
artery ratio 1.3 : 1 8 12  
30 standard indeflator  
stent . Stent  
MAC PS stent  
2mm  
heparin  
nitrate

4 Phillips C - arm BV 25 Gold  
(Fig. 2 - A, B, C), video recording  
Cardio 500(Kontron Inc.)



**Fig. 2.** Coronary MAC stenting(A), coronary angiogram immediately(B) and 4 weeks(C) after stenting in a porcine coronary artery.

### 3. 조직 병리학적 평가

potassium chloride  
10%  
buffered formalin 24 pressure  
perfusion fixation  
powerful light source

1cm  
2 3mm

Hematoxylin and Eosin Elastic  
van Gieson  
calibrated microscope  
6-17)  
calibrated digital microscopic planimetry  
(neointima)  
internal elastic lamina , external elastic  
lamina

(neointima area) internal elastic lamina  
 $\% \text{ stenosis} = 100 \times (1 - \text{IEL} )$   
(Fig. 3).

### 4. 통계 방법

MAC stent PS stent  
unpaired t - test , p 0.05

### 결 과

10  
MAC stent (MAC , n=5) PS stent  
(PS , n=5)

1) MAC  
 $23.1 \pm 9.20\%$ , PS  $18.5 \pm 12.3\%$

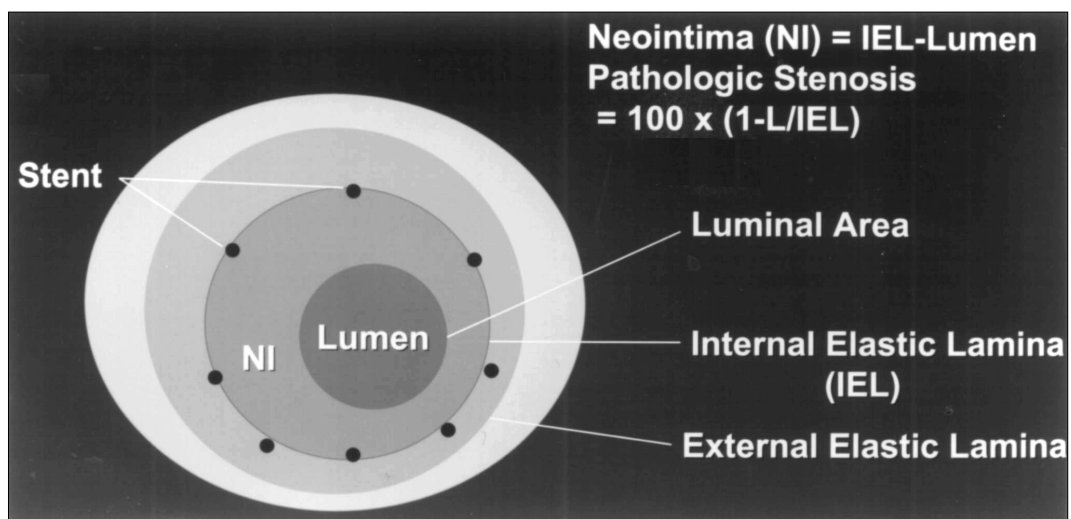


Fig. 3. Calculation method of neointima and pathologic stenosis in a porcine stent restenosis model.

Table 1. Comparison of quantitative coronary angiographic findings between MAC (Maximum Arterial Re-Creation) and Palmaz-Schatz stents

	MAC stent		Palmaz-Schatz stent	
	Initial	4 wks after stenting	Initial	4 wks after stenting
Proximal reference diameter(mm)	2.32 ± 0.18	2.43 ± 0.12	2.23 ± 0.16	2.20 ± 0.13
Diameter stenosis(%)		23.1 ± 9.20		18.5 ± 12.3
Distal reference diameter(mm)	2.26 ± 0.13	2.40 ± 0.15	2.11 ± 0.15	2.16 ± 0.11
Minimal luminal diameter(mm)	2.39 ± 0.15	1.86 ± 0.32	2.28 ± 0.14	1.76 ± 0.18

(Table 1).

2)  
11.4%, PS 39.8 ± 9.9mm<sup>2</sup>,  
,  
,  
(Table 2, Fig. 4).

3)  
1.85 ± 1.01mm<sup>2</sup>, PS 1.50 ± 0.65mm<sup>2</sup>  
,  
MAC 1.13 ± 0.21, PS 1.46 ± 0.53  
, Maximal  
intimal thickness MAC 0.28 ± 0.12mm, PS  
0.36 ± 0.17mm  
(Table 3, Fig. 4).

고 안

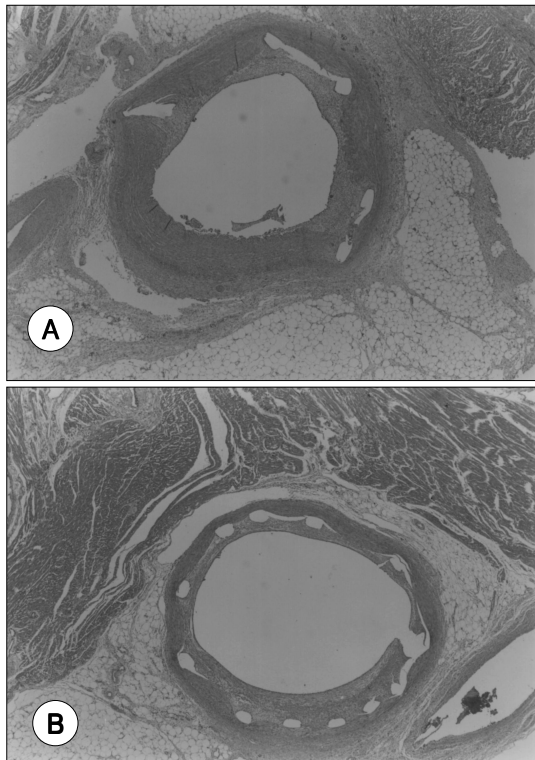
MAC stent Palmaz - Schatz stent stainless

Table 2. Comparison of histopathologic assessments in MAC and Palmaz-Schatz stented porcine coronary arteries

	MAC stent	Palmaz-Schatz stent	P value
Proximal luminal area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	4.72 ± 1.46	3.53 ± 1.30	p > 0.05
Stented artery lumen area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	3.27 ± 1.08	2.32 ± 0.97	p > 0.05
Distal luminal area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	4.61 ± 1.48	3.47 ± 1.28	p > 0.05
Area stenosis(%)	35.6 ± 11.4	39.8 ± 9.9	p > 0.05

steel slotted tube type stent ,  
MAC stent metal/artery ratio가 8 15%  
PS stent , recoil shortening  
1% 7 35mm  
가 (Table 4). MAC stent  
conventional PTCA balloon mount  
, 1mm low crimped profile





**Fig. 4.** Pathologic findings of MAC stent(A) and Palmaz-Schatz stent(B) showing small amount of neointima in both stents(Hematoxylin-Eosin staining 40 × ).

**Table 3.** Neointimal area, ratio of intima/media and maximal intimal thickness in MAC and Palmaz-Schatz stented porcine coronary arteries

	MAC stent	Palmaz-Schatz stent	P value
Internal elastic lamina area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	5.21 ± 1.56	3.83 ± 1.36	p > 0.05
Lumen area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	3.27 ± 1.08	2.32 ± 0.97	p > 0.05
Neointimal area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	1.85 ± 1.01	1.50 ± 0.65	p > 0.05
Maximal intimal thickness(mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.28 ± 0.12	0.36 ± 0.17	p > 0.05
Neointima/media	1.13 ± 0.21	1.46 ± 0.53	p > 0.05
External elastic lamina area(mm <sup>2</sup> )	7.08 ± 2.14	5.78 ± 1.65	p > 0.05

**Table 4.** MAC stent technical specifications and stent delivery

Technical specification	
Material composition	stainless steel
Degree of opacity(grade)	moderate
Metallic surface area	8 - 15%
Metallic recoil	minimal
Strut design	slotted tube
Strut thickness	0.070(longitudinal), 0.090(circular)
Percent shorting on expansion	none
Available diameter	2.0 - 5.0mm
Available length	9, 17, 26, 35mm
Stent delivery	
Mechanism of deploy	balloon expandable
Minimal internal diameter of guiding catheter	6 Fr.(0.062")
Crimped profile	< 1mm

(final minimal luminal diameter) 가

18 - 33)

asprin ticlopidine

33 - 35),

36 - 40)

41 - 45),

가

가

MAC stent

가 4

MAC stent PS stent

가 , MAC stent

PS stent 가 ,

MAC stent PS stent 가

MAC stent가 PS stent biocompa-

tible , radial force

MAC stent가

가 PS 가  
 , 3.0mm  
 bifurcation , 가  
 가  
 감사의 글  
 1996  
 MAC stent . MAC  
 stent heparin  
 heparin - coating MAC stent

## 요 약

연구배경 :

가  
 . MAC(Maximum Arterial Re - Creation) stent

Palmaz - Schatz(PS)  
 방 법 :  
 5 MAC 5 PS 10  
 1.3 : 1

결 과 :  
 MAC  
 4  
 MAC PS  
 MAC PS 가  
 결 론 :  
 MAC

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